

Indiana Township Association September 28, 2011 Sheraton, Keystone at the Crossing Indianapolis, Indiana

Questions or Comments?

Please submit any questions or comments in the box provided.

Contact Us

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State Board of Accounts Website

www.in.gov/sboa

Township Bulletins
Township Manual
Filed Audit Reports
100-R
Meeting Materials

2010 Report Filings



Ryan Preston

Born and raised in Winchester, IN, Randolph County

Mother is County Recorder in Randolph County

Father is City Councilman in the City of Winchester

Wife is an English Teacher at Brownstown Central High School

Ryan Preston - Continued

Graduated from Hanover College in 2001

Field Examiner from June 2001 to July 2011

Concentrated mostly in Southcentral Indiana – Jackson,

Washington, Lawrence, Bartholomew and Brown Counties

Office Supervisor for Townships in August 2011

2055 Public Law Changes

www.in.gov/legislative/

Public Law 58
Senate Enrolled Act 26
Effective July 1, 2011
Local Government Reorganization
Adds IC 36-1-7-16

Requires the Department of Local government Finance (DLGF) to develop criteria for making an adjustment to allow a political subdivision to retain a part of its levy and budget that would otherwise be reduced because of savings: (1) from a government reorganization or township merger; (2) from the transfer, combination, or sharing of powers, duties, functions, or resources under an interlocal cooperation agreement; or (3) from the combination or reorganization of the political subdivision's departments, agencies, or functions.

Public Law 94
Senate Enrolled Act 6
Effective May 9, 2011
Interstate Mutual Aid Agreements
Adds IC 10-14-6.5

Authorizes the state and local units of government to enter into agreements to provide interstate mutual aid for emergency responses that do not rise to the level requiring a state or local declaration of a state of emergency or disaster.

Public Law 102
Senate Enrolled Act 217
Effective July 1, 2011
Official Misconduct
Amends IC 35-44-1-2

Specifies that a public servant who knowingly or intentionally:

- (1) commits an offense in the performance of the public servant's official duties;
- (2) solicits, accepts, or agrees to accept from an appointee or employee any property other than what the public servant is authorized by law to accept as a condition of continued employment;
- (3) acquires or divests himself or herself of a pecuniary interest in any property, transaction, or enterprise or aids another person to do so based on information obtained by virtue of the public servant's office that official action that has not been made public is contemplated; or
- (4) fails to deliver public records and property in the public servant's custody to the public servant's successor in office when that successor qualifies; commits official misconduct, a Class D felony.

Public Law 107
Senate Enrolled Act 464
Effective July 1, 2011
Deposits And Checks
Amends IC 5-13-14-3

A public servant who knowingly or intentionally:

- (1) fails to deposit public funds; or
- (2) deposits or draws any check or negotiable order of withdrawal against the funds;

except in the manner prescribed in this article, commits a Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is a Class D felony if the amount involved is at least seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750), and a Class C felony if the amount involved is at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). The public servant also is liable upon the public servant's official bond for any loss or damage that may accrue.

Public Law 110
Senate Enrolled Act 559
Effective July 1, 2011
Conflict Of Interest
Amends IC 35-44-1-3

Specifies certain definitions and defenses that apply to the crime of conflict of interest.

Public Law 117
House Enrolled Act 1025
Effective July 1, 2011
Official Bonds And Internal Control Systems
Amends IC 5-4-1-18

Official Bonds

- (c) except as provided in subsections (h) and (i), the fiscal bodies of the respective units shall fix the amount of the bond of ... township trustees ...as follows:
- (1) the amount must equal thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) for each one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of receipts of the officer's office during the last complete fiscal year before the purchase of the bond, subject to subdivision (2).
- (2) the amount may not be less than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) nor more than three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) unless the fiscal body approves a greater amount for the officer or employee.

Public Law 117
House Enrolled Act 1025
Effective July 1, 2011
Official Bonds And Internal Control Systems
Amends IC 5-4-1-18

Official Bonds, Continued

h) notwithstanding subsection (c), the State Board of Accounts may fix the amount of the bond for a ... township trustee ... at an amount that exceeds thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) for each one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of receipts of the officer's office during the last complete fiscal year before the purchase of the bond. However, the bond amount may not exceed three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000). An increased bond amount may be established under this subsection only if the State Examiner issues a report under IC 5-11-5-1 that includes a finding that the officer engaged in malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance that resulted in the misappropriation of, diversion of, or inability to account for public funds.

Public Law 117
House Enrolled Act 1025
Effective July 1, 2011
Official Bonds And Internal Control Systems
Adds IC 5-11-1-27

Internal Control

Requires the State Board of Accounts to define the acceptable minimum level of internal control standards and internal control procedures for internal control systems of counties, cities, towns, and townships. If a loss is reported, requires the state board of accounts to determine the internal control weakness that caused or contributed to the loss and make recommendations for correcting the condition and modifying internal control standards and procedures to prevent a recurrence.

Public Law 122
House Enrolled Act 1183
Effective July 1, 2011
Price Preferences
Adds IC 5-22-15-23.5

- (a) A governmental body may give up to a ten percent (10%) price preference for agricultural products grown, produced, or processed in Indiana.
- (b) A governmental body may adopt rules to establish criteria to carry out this section.

Public Law 139
Senate Enrolled Act 60
Effective July 1, 2011
Public Work Bids
Amends IC 36-1-12-4

Provides that for purposes of the local public works statutes, bids may be opened after the time designated if: (1) the political subdivision makes a written determination that it is in the best interest of the political subdivision to delay the opening; and (2) the day, time, and place of the rescheduled opening are announced at the day, time, and place of the originally scheduled opening.

Public Law 171
Senate Enrolled Act 590
Effective July 1, 2011
Restrictions On Public Benefits To Illegal Aliens
Adds IC 12-32-1-5

Makes various changes concerning enforcement of federal immigration laws, illegal immigration, and related criminal matters.

Annual Reports - Amends IC 5-11-1-4

Prohibits the DLGF from approving a budget or a supplemental appropriation until a taxing unit files a financial report with the state board of accounts in the immediately preceding year.

Nonprofit Audits – Amends IC 5-11-1-9

Raises the maximum amount of public funds that a nonprofit corporation may spend and be subject only to a limited audit of the expenditures of the public funds from \$100,000 to \$200,000.

Public Works – Amends IC 5-11-1-26

Increases the cost of projects that may be performed without awarding a public works contract. Requires certain public works contract provisions for a public works project of more than \$1,000,000. Specifies notice and public meeting requirements that must be satisfied in certain circumstances before a public work project may be performed by the workforce of a municipality, county, state agency, or state educational institution. Adds requirements for examination reports prepared by the State Board of Accounts concerning certain public work projects. Increases the cost threshold at which bids and quotes are required under the local public works statute.

<u>100-R – Amends IC 5-11-13-1</u>

Prohibits the DLGF from approving a budget or a supplemental appropriation until a taxing unit files The Certified Report Of Names, Addresses, Duties And Compensation Of Public Employees (FORM 100-R) with the State Board of Accounts in the immediately preceding year.

<u>Transparencies – Adds IC 5-14-3.8</u>

- (a) the department, working with the Office of Technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1, or another organization that is part of a state educational institution, the Office of Management and Budget established by IC 4-3-22-3, and the State Board of Accounts established by IC 5-11-1-1, shall post on the Indiana transparency internet web site the following:
 - (1) the financial reports required by IC 5-11-1-4.
 - (2) the report on expenditures per capita prepared under IC 6-1.1-33.5-7.
 - (3) A listing of the property tax rates certified by the department.
 - (4) an index of audit reports prepared by the State Board of Accounts.
 - (5) any other financial information deemed appropriate by the department.

Purchases Preferences – Adds IC 5-22-15-20.9

Provides a price preference to local Indiana businesses bidding on purchasing and public works contracts awarded by political subdivisions.

<u>Fire Protection Territory – Adds IC 36-8-19-6.3</u>

A member of the legislative body of a unit may not vote on a proposed ordinance or resolution authorizing the unit to become a party to an agreement to join or establish a fire protection territory if that member is also an employee of:

- (1) another unit that is a participating unit in the fire protection territory; or
- (2) another unit that is proposing to become a participating unit in the fire protection territory.

Public Law 188
House Enrolled Act 1174
Effective July 1, 2011
Sale Of Real Property
Amends IC 36-1-11-4

Makes various changes for a local government's disposing agent with regards to disposing, leasing, transfer and bidding procedures for the sale of real property.

Public Law 195
House Enrolled Act 1216
Effective July 1, 2011
Public Work Projects Common Construction
Amends IC 5-16-7-1

Raises the threshold for the application of the common construction wage statute from \$150,000 to \$250,000 for contracts awarded after December 31, 2011, and before January 1, 2013, and to \$350,000 for contracts awarded after December 31, 2012. Provides that a public works project may not be artificially divided to avoid application of the common construction wage statute.

Public Law 198
House Enrolled Act 1238
Effective Various Dates
Advocacy with Public Funds
Amends IC 6-1.1-20-3.1

Provides that a political subdivision may not artificially divide a capital project into multiple capital projects in order to avoid the requirements of the petition and remonstrance process. (Under current law, such a prohibition applies under the capital projects referendum statutes.) Provides that the ballot language for a capital project referendum must first be approved by the department of local government finance (DLGF). (Under current law, the DLGF makes recommendations concerning the ballot language.)

Public Law 202
House Enrolled Act 1297
Effective May 10, 2011
Public Depositories
Amends IC 5-13-9-8

Any investing officer of a political subdivision that makes a deposit in any deposit or other account may be required to pay a service charge to the depository in which the funds are deposited, if the depository requires all customers to pay the charge for providing that service. However, the service charge imposed must be considered in the computation of the interest rate for determining which depositories are entitled to investments as prescribed by sections 4 and 5 of this chapter. If the total service charge cannot be computed before the investment, the investing officer shall estimate the service charge and adjust the interest rate based on this estimate. The service charge may be paid:

- (1) by direct charge to the deposit or other account; or
- (2) in a manner that subtracts the service charge from interest earned on the funds in the deposit or other account.

Public Law 208
House Enrolled Act 1365
Effective July 1, 2011
Volunteer Fire Departments
Amends IC 36-8-12-13

Allows the first responding volunteer fire department to recover attorney's fees and costs incurred by the department in an action to recover unpaid service charges. Prohibits a volunteer fire department funded by taxes imposed by a unit or by a contract with a unit from imposing a charge on persons who reside or pay property taxes in the unit unless the spill or chemical or hazardous material fire poses an imminent threat to persons or property. Provides that a bill for a service charge by a volunteer fire department must contain: (1) verification that the bill has been approved by the chief of the volunteer fire department; and (2) language indicating that correspondence from the person being billed regarding the bill should be directed to the department. Provides that all bills sent by an agent of a volunteer fire department must be approved by the chief of the volunteer fire department before it is sent to the person being billed for services, and specifies that the chief of the volunteer fire department must review a bill before authorizing an agent to proceed with collection efforts for that bill.

Special Purchases Township Bulletin, Volume 292 (February 2011)

The State Board of Accounts encourages the bidding and quote procedures whenever applicable to help ensure receiving competitive pricing for governmental units.

However, IC 5-22-10-1 provides "Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a purchasing agent may make a purchase under this chapter without soliciting bids or proposals."

IC 5-22-10-2 provides a special purchase must be made with competition as is practicable under the circumstances.

Special Purchases – Continued Township Bulletin, Volume 292 (February 2011)

Supply purchases are a possibility for consideration of the special purchase provisions of IC 5-22-10-1 et seq.

We are of the audit position, townships should obtain the written position of the township attorney as to which section of IC 5-22-10 might be applicable to any particular situation.

The written position of the township attorney should then be attached to the completed Special Purchase Contract File List Form and retained and for audit as a public record.

Special Purchases – Continued

Township Bulletin, Volume 292 (February 2011)

IC 5-22-10-10 provides a purchasing agent may make a special purchase when the purchasing agency has solicited for a purchase under another purchasing method described in this article and has not received a responsive offer.

IC 5-22-10-8 provides a purchasing agent may make a special purchase when:

- (1) the compatibility of equipment, accessories, or replacement parts is a substantial consideration in the purchases; and
- (2) only one (1) source meets the using agency's reasonable requirements.

Prompt Payment

IC 5-17-5-1 states:

"(a) Except as provided in section 2 of this chapter, every state agency and political subdivision shall pay a late payment penalty at a rate of one percent (1%) per month on amounts due on written contracts for public works, personal services, goods and services, equipment, and travel whenever the state agency or political subdivision fails to make timely payment.

Prompt Payment – Continued

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), for the purposes of this section, payment is timely if:
- (1) a check or warrant is mailed or delivered on the date specified for the amount specified in the applicable contract documents, or, if no date is specified, within thirty-five (35) days of:
 - (A) receipt of goods and services; or
 - (B) receipt of a properly completed claim.
- (2) for any amount required to be withheld under state or federal law, a check or warrant is mailed or delivered in the proper amount on the date the amount may be released under the applicable law.

Prompt Payment – Continued

- (c) For the purposes of this section, payment by a political subdivision is timely if:
- (1) a date for payment is not specified in an applicable contract;
 - (2) a claim:
 - (A) for payment for goods or services; and
- (B) that must be approved by a local legislative body or board;

is submitted to the body or board; and

(3) the political subdivision pays the claim within thirty-five (35) days following the first regularly scheduled meeting of the body or board that is held at least ten (10) days after the body or board receives the claim."

Prompt Payment – Continued

Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Townships Chapter 13

Officials and employees have the duty to pay claims and remit taxes in a timely fashion. Additionally, officials and employees have a responsibility to perform duties in a manner which would not result in any unreasonable fees being assessed against the governmental unit. Any penalties, interest or other charges paid by the governmental unit may be the personal obligation of the responsible official or employee.

Internal Control

Township Bulletin, Volume 260, February 2003

Segregation of Duties

Document (written policy)

Rotation of Duties

Internal Control

Township Bulletin, Volume 260, February 2003

Enforced Vacation

Physical Security - Locks

Bank Statement Reconcilement & Verification

Internal Control

Township Bulletin, Volume 260, February 2003

If possible, separate the duties of signing and recording checks.

The person that opens the mail should be different than the person who records the checks.

Resolution Establishing Salaries of Township Officers And Employees (Township Form No. 17 – Revised 2008)

As a reminder to all trustees, the Township Board is required to set the salaries and wages for each township employee every year. Listings of positions on budget forms are not considered sufficient for documentation of approved salaries and wages. The State Board of Accounts has provided a prescribed form, township form no. 17, to document the approved salaries and wages.

Resolution Establishing Salaries of Township Officers And Employees (Township Form No. 17 – Revised 2008)

Please remember the Township Board should record the salaries so fixed in the township board minutes. We recommend the board set the salaries of township officials and employees, in conjunction with the preparation and completion of the township budget.

Advance Payments

Compensation and any other payments for goods and services should not be paid in advance of receipt of the goods or services unless specifically authorized by statute.

Payments made for goods or services which are not received may be the personal obligation of the responsible official or employee.

Advance Payments

IC 5-7-3-1 states:

(a) public officers may not draw or receive their salaries in advance.

Compensation

All compensation and benefits paid to officials and employees must be included in the labor contract, salary ordinance, resolution or salary schedule adopted by the governing body unless otherwise authorized by statute. Compensation should be made in a manner that will facilitate compliance with state and federal reporting requirements.

Policies

Each governmental unit is responsible for complying with the ordinances, resolutions, and policies it adopts.

Employee Benefits

All types of employee benefits should be detailed in a written policy. Payments for expenses not authorized in a written policy cannot be allowed.

The Board should adopt policies governing sick leave, vacation leave, and any other types of special leave.

Policies, Continued

Leave and Overtime Policy

Each governmental unit should adopt a written policy regarding the accrual and use of leave time and compensatory time and the payment of overtime.

Negotiated labor contracts approved by the governing board would be considered as written policy. The policy should conform to the requirements of all state and federal regulatory agencies.

Policies, Continued

Travel Policies

Each governmental unit should adopt a written travel policy in conformity with applicable statutes.

Reimbursement for lodging and meals should be based upon actual receipts for amounts paid unless otherwise authorized by statute.

Mileage and Travel

The township trustee is entitled to a sum for mileage in the performance of his official duties equal to the sum per mile paid to state officers and employees (IC 36-6-8-3). The state rate effective October 1, 2009 is \$.40 per mile. Mileage claim form number 101 shall be properly completed, listing dates of authorized travel, details of travel, miles traveled, nature of business, etc., for reimbursements for mileage before payment is made.

Reimbursed mileage shall not include travel to and from the officer's or employee's home and the governmental office in which he works, unless otherwise authorized by statute.

Mileage and Travel, Continued

Official Opinion 74 of the Indiana Attorney General, issued in 1953, concluded there is no statutory authority for payment of a fixed amount of travel allowance to public employees and that a public employer may not reimburse an employee for travel expense which is, in fact, not incurred by the employee. Also, there is no authority for a travel allowance to be paid without regard to the number of miles, if any, actually traveled.

Therefore, the State Board of Accounts is of the audit position that a fixed amount for travel allowance should not be paid. The prescribed method is to reimburse the employee for travel on the basis of a claim filed on mileage claim, Form 101.

General Form No. 101 (2009)

Prescribed by State Board of Accounts

AUTO LICENSE NO.

MILEAGE CLAIM

(GOVERNMENTAL UNIT)		_	то					
	(OFFICE, BOARD, DEPARTMENT OR INSTITUTION)		ON ACCOUNT OF APPROPRIATION NO FOR					
DATE 20	FROM	TO	ODOMETER READING+ START FINISH		NATURE OF BUSINESS	AUTO MILES TRAVELED	MILEAGE @¢ PER MILE	

TOTALS

Pursuant to the provisions and penalties of law, I hereby certify that the foregoing account is just and correct, that the amount claimed is legally due, after allowing all just credits and that no part of the same has been paid.

Date

ODOMETER READING columns are to be used only when distance between points cannot be determined by fixed mileage or official highway map.

Financial Assistance to Non-Governmental Entities

Amounts disbursed to non-governmental entities must be reported in the Annual Report.

Common township disbursements to nongovernmental entities include:

Volunteer Fire Departments
Emergency Medical Services

Financial Assistance to Non-Governmental Entities

Consider including language in contracts with non-governmental entities that require them to file the Entity Annual Report with the State Board of Accounts.

The Entity Annual Report is used to determine the audit requirements of non-governmental entities.

Financial Assistance to Non-Governmental Entities

As of May 10, 2011, IC 5-11-1-9 requires an organization-wide audit of an entity when the public funds *disbursed* by that organization are \$200,000 or more <u>and</u> equal to or greater than 50% of their total disbursements for the period.

Examinations

After the Field Examiners have completed the examination of your township records they will provide you with a copy of the report which contains financial statements and notes. Please review these items for accuracy, formatting, content, etc.

Examinations

In accordance with Indiana Code 5-11-5-1, management (Trustee) and those charged with governance (Township Board) are given the opportunity to respond to the comments contained in the report. The response, if any, will be bound in and become a part of our report. Please note that the report is a draft prepared by the Field Examiners and is subject to editing by Department **Supervisors and Board Members.**